

The Bulletin's Circulation In Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population.

MADERO RELINQUISHES PRESIDENCY

Resignation of Mexico's Executive Believed to be in the Hands of Mexican Congress

QUICK SETTLEMENT TO AVOID INTERVENTION

Senor De La Barra Labored With Madero and Diaz to This End—Madero's Friends Plead With Him to Hand in Resignation—Minister of Interior Also Resigns—De La Barra Assures Populace that Peace Settlement is Certain—Federal Troops Mowed Down in Street by Rebel Fire—Battalion of Federal Soldiers Revolts and Shoot the Officers—Thirty-Eight of Them Under Arrest—Less Damage Yesterday.

Mexico City, Feb. 14.—The resignation of Francisco I. Madero from the presidency is believed to be in the hands of the Mexican congress. It was authoritatively stated that Madero agreed to resign, and the senate wished. The senate was called into session about eight o'clock tonight for the purpose of taking action on this important phase of the situation.

At the British legation, where Senor De La Barra took refuge Thursday, it is stated that Madero's resignation had practically been arranged for, and that De La Barra would likely succeed him in the presidency.

To Avoid Intervention. Later Senor De La Barra while proceeding through the street in an automobile stopped and made a brief address, assuring the crowd that a peace settlement was certain, and probably would be reached before morning.

At six o'clock tonight General Huerta, the federal commander, gave the order to cease firing. Soon detachments of federal soldiers were seen marching from their positions to the capital, where near the palace, their guns slung on their backs.

Minister of Interior Resigns. The laws of Mexico make it necessary for the resignation of the president to be submitted to the congress and for this reason official announcement of the resignation of Madero was not made until this morning.

Another development of the early evening was the resignation of Rafael Hernandez as minister of the interior.

Diaz Insists on Resignation. Whether hostilities will be resumed in the morning naturally depends on the action of the president and congress upon the resignation of the rebels.

In case of military tactics it is not impossible that Diaz may decide to force the action. He has repeatedly said that nothing short of the resignation of Madero would satisfy him.

Madero's Friends Plead With Him. Another interchange of notes took place today between General Huerta and the rebels. That of Huerta was of a conciliatory character. It offered Diaz permission to retire in peace with his men.

His army repulsed with great loss and after his absolute failure to subjugate General Huerta, Diaz was not half the number of men, Madero was subjected to the pleading of his closest friends, saying going so far as to demand his resignation.

Less Damage Yesterday. The government has not been whipped, nor have the rebels. Diaz is not attempting to whip the government at present, but merely to resist it and for six days he and his forces have done that in an eminently brilliant manner, although the loss of the capital was a ruthless bombardment of the capital by two heavy forces of artillery.

The damage done today was not so great as on previous days.

Federal Troops Mowed Down. It was the advance of the federal troops from the capital in the day which provoked the first sharp reply from the rebels.

Diaz waited until the federalists were far down the line and then threw into their ranks a hail of shrapnel and swept them with machine gun fire. Few left the line.

At two o'clock in the afternoon a general order to cease firing was given, but for the next few hours the fire from the government forces was practically suspended.

General De La Barra commanding the line directly to the east of the rebel position, admitted that he was unable to advance. Failure had been encountered in all quarters.

It was coincidental with this ceasing of fire that a battalion of the Twentieth Infantry revolted. All but a handful of these federalists succeeded in joining Diaz.

Shot Down Their Officers. This battalion was stationed along Independencia street. The men suddenly turned upon their officers and shot them, but the sound of these shots did not attract general attention in the heavy fusillade. The entire battalion broke for the rebel lines, reaching there in safety.

Thirty-eight of them were overpowered, however, by the loyal troops and were marched to the palace, where they will probably be executed.

Although the firing on both sides was lighter today, the total number of shells used was enormous and the incidental destruction to property great. The loss of life among the non-combatants as a result of the shelling probably was less than on the other days, because everyone who had strength enough moved out of the districts near the center of the operations, and by reason of the fact that the rebels confined their artillery action largely to the streets threatened by assault.

Federal Attack Half-Hearted. Bullets whistled here and there in all parts of the city. They were fired across the town by both sides from the housetops and other places, wherever sharpshooters could be stationed. On account of the efforts of the

Cabled Paragraphs

Railway Workers Amalgamated. London, Feb. 14.—The amalgamation of the three principal railway workers in Great Britain was accomplished this afternoon at a conference in London for a vote of preference of delegations which has been

Pope Receives Bishop Burke. Rome, Feb. 14.—The pope received in private audience the Right Rev. Maurice F. Burke, bishop of St. Joseph, Mo., who was the first prelate to be admitted to an audience since the death of the pontiff's sister, Rosa Sarto.

Government to Own Shares. Berlin, Feb. 14.—The proposed German petroleum monopoly was today passed fully under government control by an amendment to the bill adopted by the committee of the imperial parliament, which gives the special class of shares to be held by the empire, 52 per cent. of the voting power at general meetings.

Refused to Move. American Embassy. Ambassador Wilson to Comply With Request of Mexican Foreign Minister—Government Approves Course and Will Not Withdraw Ambassadors.

Washington, Feb. 14.—News from Mexico City that Pedro Lascurain, Mexican foreign minister, had twice today requested United States Ambassador Wilson to move the American embassy out of the capital, and the state department considerable concern, and efforts to obtain official confirmation of this information were begun at once.

The unofficial report that the federal authorities had made such a request is a result of a military plan to draw the rebel fire in the path of the embassy was calculated to raise a grave issue, and the further report that despite Ambassador Wilson's refusal to accede to the request the federalists had begun to place cannon in position to endanger the embassy was equally unusual activity in the department.

Messages were sent to Ambassador Wilson for a report on the development as soon as possible, and officials of the department remained on duty tonight to communicate to Secretary Knox all information received.

It was thought probable, if the federal firing continued, that the ambassador might be forced to yield to this demand of the military, and this necessarily would involve additional hardships upon American refugees who would have to be removed hastily to other quarters.

Ambassador Wilson's declaration early in the day to yield to General Diaz's request for the removal of the embassy, met with the full approval of the state department. It was pointed out, however, that should General Diaz's forces obtain complete possession of the city through defeat of the federalists, the ambassador would be authorized to return to his home as a de facto official, although that would not constitute a political recognition of the insurgent cause.

An American Warship Yesterday. The department today emphasized the terrors of the situation in Mexico City. The number of dead and wounded was enormous.

Shots have again been striking near the embassy, and one American named Brown, wounded yesterday, was taken to the hospital.

The American embassy describes as a de facto official, although that would not constitute a political recognition of the insurgent cause.

United States Pleased. Belief That Armed Interference Won't Be Necessary.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The news of Francisco I. Madero's voluntary relinquishment of the presidency of Mexico brought relief to official circles in Washington in which the situation during the past few days had been hourly growing more tense.

The announcement, coming at the close of a day which was marked by turning against President Madero, was hardly surprising. It served instantly to clear the horizon of the storm clouds which have been threatening since the opening of the fight in the plaza before the Mexican national palace last Sunday.

Five days ago, when the news of the capture of the rebel leaders was received, the government was fully prepared to meet any situation which might arise.

We Were Ready for Trouble. As a result of the co-operation of the navy and war departments, their combined forces were in readiness for Mexican service.

Coincidental with the receipt of the news of Madero's abdication a wireless message was flashed to the navy department here announcing the arrival in the Pacific Mexican port of Mazatlan of the cruiser Colonie, the first of the six American warships to reach its destination off the shores of the revolution-torn republic.

Five other warships are well on their way towards Mexican ports, and Acting Secretary Winthrop said tonight that in all probability they would continue to the Gulf of Mexico.

Not less prepared was the army. The entire first brigade of the first division, 3,000 strong, was in readiness for action and awaiting the command of Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff, to entrain from the respective stations in New York and proceed to Newport News, Va., where four army transports are fully equipped and provisioned, to set out for the Gulf of Mexico to augment the naval forces.

Americans Protest. Declare This Is No Time For Discussion But For Action.

Mexico City, Feb. 14.—The secretary of the American colony in Mexico City today drew up a protest to the American people against the proposed plan of John Barrett, director of the Pan-American Union, for mediation in the Mexican struggle by an international commission.

The American colony will be grateful to The Associated Press if it will indicate to the American people through its agency the vast amount of work that is being done by the individuals and organizations of the American colony in Mexico City and in the surrounding states.

This is not a time for discussion, but for action. The American colony is an excellent impression among the people of the United States who are waging warfare in Mexico City and in the surrounding states.

Evans Did Not Go Mad. London, Feb. 14.—A despatch from Christchurch, to the Chronicle, dated on the authority of Commander Evans that Petty Officer Evans went mad.

Railroads Make A New Proposal

Another Arbitration Plan Submitted. A Board of Six Men Advocated by Unions

Railroads to Have Two, Firemen to Have Two and Two to Be Appointed Under Erdman Act Provisions.

New York, Feb. 14.—A new possibility of peace between the 44 eastern railroads and their 34,000 firemen who have threatened to strike for higher wages and revised working conditions, appeared tonight with a fresh arbitration proposal by the railroads and the break that seemed imminent during the day was averted, temporarily at least.

New Arbitration Plan. The railroad which have insisted upon arbitration by a board of seven

Washington, Feb. 14.—President Taft today vetoed the Dillingham-Burnett immigration bill, which would revolutionize the immigration policy of the United States by imposing a literacy test on all foreigners seeking a home in America.

In a short message to the senate in his own handwriting the president announced his disapproval of the measure solely because of the provision which would limit the power of the United States against the alien who

FOR THE MAN IN BUSINESS

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In the past week the following summary shows the matter which appeared in The Bulletin, delivered at your door for twelve cents a week:

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Saturday, Feb. 8...	84	143	775	1002
Sunday, Feb. 10...	89	139	271	499
Tuesday, Feb. 11...	89	128	171	388
Wednesday, Feb. 12...	60	119	230	409
Thursday, Feb. 13...	82	126	187	395
Friday, Feb. 14...	83	119	225	427
Totals	487	774	1859	3120

men similar to that which decided the dispute with the engineers last year, while the firemen demanded arbitration under the Erdman act, now proposed by a board of six members, two representatives of the roads, two of the firemen and two interested members, to be appointed as the federal government officials offer also to retain in the arbitration proceedings all other features of the Erdman act which the firemen may desire.

Proposition Laid Before Firemen. The railroads' proposition, given out by the conference committee of managers, was immediately submitted to the federal government officials who have been trying to bring the parties to the dispute together and at once placed by the mediators before the representatives of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen.

The roads made their new move after a day of many conferences.

Captain and Mrs. Scott Pledged Their Fortunes

Outstanding Liabilities of Antarctic Expedition Said to Be \$150,000.

London, Feb. 14.—Lord Curzon of Kedleston in a letter regarding the various funds started in connection with the Scott disaster, says that because of the expense of providing a memorial is considered nearly \$150,000 will be needed to meet the outstanding liabilities.

It will be necessary also to provide for the adequate publication of scientific results so laboriously collected and tabulated by Captain Scott up to almost the last hour of his life.

Lord Curzon's suggestion that the memorial fund be placed in a trust, to be called "The Scott memorial fund," and that it should be dedicated to the propagation of the science to which Captain Scott and his companions yielded their lives.

Roadmaster Smith In Railroad Crash

Passenger Coach in Which He Was Riding Crushed In.

South Britain, Conn., Feb. 14.—General Roadmaster Smith of the western division of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad had a narrow escape from serious injury and traffic over the lines through this place was held up for some time late today when an extra freight train ran into the rear end of a work train, which was standing at the local station loading cars.

Smith was seated inside when the freight train, which was loaded with crushed iron and he was well shaken up and bruised but not seriously hurt. The colliding engine was not badly damaged.

Died Without Doctor Being Called. Helen, the 7 months old daughter of Stanley and Josie Vassard died Friday morning at the home of her parents at Bean Hill. Death was due to pneumonia.

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Taft Vetoes the Immigration Bill

Objects to Literacy Test Provision. Senate and House Leaders Preparing to Carry Measure Over Veto.

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Condensed Telegrams

The First Anniversary of Arizona's admission to statehood was celebrated yesterday.

Charles M. Schwab Acted as Sponsor at the annual dinner of the Y. M. C. A. at South Bethlehem, Pa.

General Stewart L. Woodford, civil war veteran and former United States minister to Spain, died at his home in New York yesterday.

The Annual Pension Appropriation bill, carrying \$180,000,000, an increase of \$15,000,000 over last year, was taken up by the house yesterday.

Cotton Consumed in the United States during January amounted to 533,261 running bales, compared with 446,257 bales in December.

The Burlington, N. J., Postoffice was temporarily shut out of business when a package containing pepper was broken in the mail pouch.

Democratic Senators Are Striving to have the committees on appropriations raise the salary of the president's secretary from \$8,000 to \$7,500.

Judge Noyes in the Federal district court at New York denied a motion to admit to the doors of the committee a journalist convicted in England of libeling the king.

John R. Hill, said by Director Ralph of the bureau of engraving and printing to be the most expert script engraver in the world, died in Washington yesterday from apoplexy.

Samuel Rauen, the First Man to be hanged in the District of Columbia during the administration of President Taft, went to his death yesterday. He was convicted of wife murder.

Henry Norton, Found Guilty of a charge of arson in connection with the burning of cottages at Woodmont last fall, was sentenced to state prison yesterday for from seven to eight years.

Smoked Glasses May Be Necessary in viewing the suffragist pageant on the burning of cottages at Woodmont last fall, was sentenced to state prison yesterday for from seven to eight years.

The Ypilitani Reed Furniture Co., an institution adjoining the Michigan State penitentiary, was closed yesterday by a fire which destroyed the building and a loss of \$265,000.

Justice James W. Houghton of Saratoga Springs, a member of the appellate division of the New York supreme court, third department, died yesterday in Boston, where he had gone to consult a specialist.

A Conscience Stricken Employee of the federal government who secured "sick leave" with pay when he was not sick yesterday sent Secretary MacVeagh \$35 in restitution for deposit in the "conscience fund."

Sentence Will Not Be Passed for several days on President John H. Patterson and 28 other officials and employees of the National Cash Register Co., convicted of criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust act.

Smith B. Cook, Chief Clerk in the registry division in the New York general postoffice, was found guilty yesterday of embezzlement and was sentenced to prison for one year.

Additional Arrests Were Made at New Haven yesterday in the crusade against the sale and use of heroin, the coroner's inquest on Monday afternoon with wholesale dealing in drugs, and Edward Saxon, colored, with a drug and retail dealer.

Dean Charles R. Brown of Yale college and Dean Henry Wade Rogers of the Yale Law school have accepted appointments on the general committee for the fourth American Peace Congress to be held at St. Louis May 1, 2 and 3.

In the Massachusetts House yesterday the committee on constitutional amendments reported unanimously against the progressive party bill providing for the recall of judicial decisions and the recall of state and county officers.

Another Batch of Letters obtained from the files of the American Sugar Refining company were read into the record by the government yesterday at the resumption of the hearings in the Sherman law suit for dissolution of the corporation.

The So-Called "Blue Sky" Act, first adopted in Kansas and designed to exclude from the state questionable investment companies, while turning the right over to the state for the approval of Gov. Fletcher yesterday.

President Taft Has Approved the action of the West Point authorities who recommended the dismissal of Cadet Arthur R. Adler from the military academy for getting married. He died last month with one of the students in a fashionable girls' school on the Hudson.

The Brotherhood of Taxicab chauffeurs is considering sending a delegation to the annual convention of the New York, who told the League of American Pen Women that the basis of the "white slave" traffic in the large cities was the taxicab and system in vogue.

Burglars Yesterday Seized and gagged the two men employed at night in the Rochester, N. Y., chamber of commerce building, and then forced an entrance into the wholesale store of Philip Present, on the second floor. Goods to the value of several thousands of dollars were obtained.

James C. White and Charles C. Steinert, members of the famous "strong squad," headed by Police Lieutenant Beker, convicted as the murderer of Herman Rosenthal, were acquitted by a jury yesterday. They were indicted for "framing" Big Jack Zellig.

James Purcell, the Gambler who testified before the New York aldermanic committee last week that he had paid \$25,000 to kill Harry Campbell, was yesterday granted for a period of 17 years, quarrelled yesterday with his wife in their apartment and began shooting. Mrs. Purcell, however, was not hurt.

Bridgeport Storekeeper Held Up. Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 14.—Philip Harris, proprietor of a grocery and feed store at Tuxis Hill, was tonight held up in his store at the point of a revolver while a young man of about 20 coolly robbed him of \$22 in cash. The youth made good his escape.

Unsatisfactory As a Witness

SENATOR LOSES PATIENCE WITH KELSEY.

AT BRIBERY HEARING

Deputy Highway Commissioner Unable to Answer Many of McDonough's Questions—Inquiry About Donovan.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 14.—The inquiry into the charge that John A. Judge of Bridgeport had attempted to bribe Senator John Hurley of the sixteenth district came to an abrupt stop late this afternoon. E. H. Kelsey, deputy highway commissioner, was the witness and he had been so reluctant to answer questions which gave any information and so persistently replied to the rapid fire questioning of Senator McDonough with "I don't know" or "I don't remember," that the senator threw down a list of questions that he had been using with emphasis, and declared that there was no use going on as no progress was being made.

Committee's Powers Limited. The inquiry stopped for the time being as the senatorial committee made no further questions. The committee had not the right of subpoena of witnesses, the power to order books produced from the highway commissioner's office, to administer the oath to witnesses or to compel answers of those who might go before it. The committee early in the day found that it could

(Continued on Page Seven.)

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